

Supporting Statement
Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) Application Form
(CMS -116) and Supporting Regulations

A. Background

This is a revision package. The Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), Public Law 100-578, was enacted on October 31, 1988. CLIA established a new section 353 of the Public Health Service Act. This section requires the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to establish certification requirements for any entity that performs testing on human beings for health assessment to meet certain requirements (e.g., quality control) based on test complexity in order to be certified by HHS. Regulations implementing CLIA are found at 42 CFR Part 493.

If a laboratory conducts relatively simple tests that are categorized as waived or as Provider-performed Microscopy procedures (PPM), it must obtain a certificate of waiver or a certificate for PPM. If the laboratory conducts any tests outside these two categories, it must apply for a certificate of compliance or certificate of accreditation and initially obtain a certificate of registration. Upon payment of the appropriate fees (which are dependent on testing specialties and annual testing volume), laboratories are issued the applicable certificate. Certificates are valid for a period of up to two years.

Laboratories requesting a certificate of waiver or certificate for PPM are not subject to biennial surveys to determine compliance with CLIA requirements. Laboratories requesting a certificate of compliance or certificate of accreditation are initially issued a certificate of registration. The registration certificate permits a facility to perform testing until compliance with CLIA requirements is determined through an inspection or proof of accreditation by a CMS-approved accreditation organization. The certificate of compliance or certificate of accreditation is issued (or reissued) subsequent to the determination of compliance with the CLIA requirements or verification of accreditation by an approved accreditation organization and receipt of payment for the certificate.

The information that the laboratory submits to enroll in the CLIA program is the CLIA Application form, CMS-116. In this revision (2026), the majority of changes were made to provide clarity by updating the format to incorporate the plain-language instructions within the form. Other changes to the form updated the look and functionality of the checkboxes throughout the form. The mailing/billing and corporate addresses were replaced with four email address boxes to facilitate the transition to electronic fee coupons and certificates. Based on comments received from stakeholders, changes were made to the form to facilitate its completion and data entry. We anticipate that the changes will not

increase the time to complete the form. Additionally, the CMS-116 form will continue to be available on the CMS Website and be 'fillable,' enabling a laboratory to complete the form accurately and submit it to State agencies in a timely manner.

B. Justification

1. Need and Legal Basis

Legislative authority for this activity is found in Section 353 of the Public Health Service Act. Section 353 (b) specifies that the laboratory must submit an application in such form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe that describes the characteristics of the laboratory and examinations and procedures performed by the laboratory.

Information requested on these forms is essential for administering the CLIA program, including responding to inquiries regarding certification status and information regarding the size and scope of laboratory operations across the country. Obtaining certain information (e.g., location of multiple sites, hours of laboratory operation) on the application form also allows for the use of fewer resources and a more efficient method of preparing, scheduling, and conducting surveys to assess compliance.

2. Information Users

The information collected is used by CMS to identify entities performing laboratory testing, to assess fees, and to issue the appropriate certificate so that the entities comply with CLIA. The hours of operation and the type of laboratory are needed to help schedule the biennial inspection for certificate of compliance laboratories and for conducting complaint inspections. This information is also forwarded to the database used by carriers, intermediaries, and the Medicaid program to ensure appropriate Medicare/Medicaid reimbursement.

3. Improved Information Technology

The signature of the owner/director is required on this form. Currently, the CMS-116 form is available on the Internet at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/Downloads/CMS116.pdf> and is in a 'fillable' format so that the applicant can more easily download and complete the form.

4. Duplication of Similar Information

This form does not duplicate any information currently collected. It contains information essential to the operation of the CLIA program. It is the only standardized mechanism available to record data on entities applying for CLIA certification.

5. Small Businesses

This application form does impact small businesses that operate as laboratories regulated under CLIA. The forms have been designed to collect only that information considered essential to operate the CLIA program. In order to minimize the burden on the laboratory, particularly those holding a Certificate of Waiver or Certificate for Provider-performed Microscopy, we only require completion of the CMS-116 upon initial entry to the program and when significant changes occur in the laboratory operation (for example changing the type of certificate or laboratory director).

6. Less Frequent Collection

If this information is not collected, there would be no mechanism for identifying what entities must comply with CLIA requirements or for determining the applicable fee(s) to be assessed. This information is collected when a laboratory initially applies for a CLIA certificate, when a laboratory reports the changes required by the CLIA regulations (e.g., ownership, name, location, director), and during each biennial inspection of the CLIA certificate of compliance laboratories.

7. Special Circumstances

There are no special circumstances associated with this information collection.

8. Federal Register Notice/Outside Consultation

The 60-day Federal Register notice was published on XXXX XX, 2025 (XX FR XXXXX).

The 30-day Federal Register notice was published on XXXX XX, 2025 (XX FRXXXXX).

9. Payment/Gift To Respondent

There are no payments or gifts associated with this collection.

10. Confidentiality

We make no pledges of confidentiality.

11. Sensitive Questions

There are no questions of a sensitive nature associated with this form.

12. Burden Estimate (Total Hours & Wages)

The information contained on the CMS-116 is basic information concerning the operation of the laboratory that is needed to assess the appropriate user fee, issue the appropriate certificate, and if applicable, conduct the survey. While the time to complete this form depends on the size of the laboratory and the type of certificate requested, we anticipate it will take an average of 60 minutes (one hour) to complete the form.

During each year, about 17,900 laboratories register in the CLIA program for the first time. There are currently a total of 308,833 laboratories registered in the CLIA program. The number of laboratories registering each year was based on the average number of new laboratories registered in the last few years. Since CLIA (42 CFR 493.43 through 493.53) states that a laboratory must notify CMS when there are any changes to a lab's CLIA certificate, the usual means of notification is the completion of a Form CMS-116. We estimate 23,687 annual submissions for certificate status, demographic, and laboratory director personnel changes.

There are 17,297 laboratories subject to biennial compliance surveys (8649 annually).

17,900 new registrants + 23,687 laboratories reporting changes + 8649 compliance surveys = 50,236 laboratories utilizing the CMS-116 each year

Hourly Burden Computation

1 hour (average time) x 50,236 laboratories = 50,236 hours (annual)

Wage Burden computation for laboratory

1 hour (average time) x \$62.82 (hourly wage of laboratory technologist or technician completing form) = \$62.82

\$62.82 x 50,236 laboratories = \$3,155,826 (annual) See table 1, below

We projected the hourly wage of laboratory staff completing the CMS-116 form to be \$62.82. Based on the type of information requested on the form, we assumed that mid-level Clinical Laboratory Technologists/Technicians would be completing the form with the final sign-off and approval from the laboratory director. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, (<https://data.bls.gov/oes/#/industry/000000>), the mean hourly wage for U.S. Clinical Laboratory Technologists and Technicians in May 2024 was \$31.41. We believe the mean hourly wage of a laboratory technologist or technician would be appropriate and would include a 100% fringe.

Table 1. Wage Burden computation table.

<i>Number of Respondents</i>	<i>Hours per Response</i>	<i>Total Burden Hours</i>	<i>Total Cost</i>
50,236	1	50,236	\$ 3,155,826

13. Capital Costs (Maintenance of Capital Costs)

There are no capital costs associated with this information collection.

14. Cost to Federal Government

Congress provided the Secretary with the authority to establish a user fee system in order that the cost of administering the CLIA program be borne by the laboratories, thus making the CLIA Program self-supporting.

The following is the estimated annual Federal cost for this information collection.

Review and data entry \$567,461*

*Based on .33 hr. x **50,236** laboratories x **\$34.23/hr.** = **\$ 567,461**

We estimated that the Federal costs involved in collecting the CMS-116 information for administering the CLIA program would be based on an employee earning an average of \$34.23 per hour. The tasks involved are reviewing and entering the data into the CLIA data system. We estimate that these tasks would be completed by a Federal employee at the GS-11 grade level. According to the 2024 GS Salary Table, as shown on opm.gov's website (https://www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/pay-leave/salaries-wages/salary-tables/pdf/2024/GS_h.pdf), the salary for a GS-11 employee ranges from \$29.76 through \$38.69, and we selected the mid-range hourly wage of \$34.23

15. Program or Burden Changes

There are revisions to the form instructions that enhance the completion for the laboratory community, improve the data reporting of laboratory demographics and trends, and eliminate the issuance of paper fee coupons and certificates. The burden decrease is due to a decrease in the number of new laboratories participating in the CLIA program (from 24,400 to 17,900) and a decrease in the number of laboratories reporting changes (from 31,575 to 23,687). The number of laboratories using the form and burden hours has decreased from 64,598 to 50,236.

16. Publication and Tabulation Dates

The information collected is used to produce summary reports on CLIA certification activity by certificate type (number of waived laboratories, number of PPM laboratories, etc.). These reports are presented at meetings and are also available

via the Internet. Specific information for listings of laboratories by name, address, and facility type (hospital-based, physician office, skilled nursing facility, etc.) may also be provided to the public (at cost) upon written request.

17. Expiration Date

CMS will display the expiration date on the collection instrument.

18. Certification Statement

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.